

Certificate of Volatility

Manufacturer: Xerox

Equipment Name: WorkCentre

Model: 7242 / 7232

Configuration: This item is networked to print servers with operating system VxWorks

General description: This printer is connected to a network.

Purpose: Multi-Functional Device, Print, Copy, Fax, and Scan to email or scan to network

1. Type of memory:

Volatile memory: What is the amount? What period of time does the unit need to be powered off to completely erase this memory?

User Interface Volatile memory

SRAM 512 Byte (No user image data stored.)

Marking Engine Volatile memory

SRAM 1024 KB (No user image data stored.)

Scanner Volatile memory

SRAM 512 KB (No user image data stored.)

Controller Volatile memory

DDR 1024 MB (System memory. User image data stored. Data lost at power off.)

SDRAM 256 MB (Page memory. User image data stored. Data lost at power off.)

FAX Card Volatile memory

SDRAM 8 MB (No user image data stored.)

Non-Volatile Memory:

Type: What type(s) of non-volatile memory are included, EPROM, EEPROM, Flash memory, NVRAM, and battery backed, etc. (fill in)

User Interface Non-Volatile memory

Mask ROM 16 KB (UI executable code. No user image data stored.)

Marking Engine Non-Volatile memory

Flash ROM 2 MB (Marking Engine executable code. No user image data stored.)

EEPROM 16 KB (Marking Engine Configuration code. Xerographic setpoints. No user image data stored.)

Scanner Non-Volatile memory

Flash ROM 2 MB (Scanner executable code. No user image data stored.)

EEPROM 1 KB (Scanner Configuration code. No user image data stored.)

Flash ROM 1 MB (DADF executable code. No user image data stored.)

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Controller Non-Volatile memory

Flash ROM 64 MB (Controller executable code. No user image data stored.)

Battery backup SRAM 1MB (System configuration data. No user image data stored.)

SEEP ROM 1 KB (System configuration data. No user image data stored.)

Rigid Disk Drive 40GB (User image data stored.)

Mask ROM 8 MB (Fonts. No user image data stored.)

Flash ROM 64 MB (Option. Controller executable code and PostScript fonts. No user image data stored.)

SEEP ROM 256 Byte (Not used on flash ROM DIMM. No user image data stored)

FAX Card Non-Volatile memory

Flash ROM 4 MB (FAX executable code. No user image data stored.)

Flash ROM 4 MB (FAX configuration data. No user image data stored.)

There are other non volatile memory devices in the multi-functional device, but these are used solely for low-level I/O control. Some examples of this distributed control are:

- Photoreceptor
- Duplex
- Optional tray
- Finisher

2. **Accessibility:** Is it accessible by accidental/intentional keystroke, or software malfunction?

No. However, the login system administrator or service technician (via diagnostic operation) may adjust certain machine operational parameters. User data is never accessible.

3. If "YES, it **is** accessible, describe location and purpose.

Purpose: typical uses for non-volatile memory location are system identification number and system configuration, boot, and initialization parameters, for example (battery-backed NVRAM on SUNs); put in for future design needs, internal depot repair, clock circuit, "nice" to have, or to flag unauthorized software, etc.

If "NO", it is not accessible, X (Check here).

4. *Required memory:* Is device needed for normal operation, i.e. required for this processing period?

All memory listed is required for normal operation.

5. *Removal consequences:* If device memory chip is erased, what impact will this have on operation and normal function of device?

Example: If the SUN is turned on without this means of checking for the authorized configuration, the system will not boot and therefore the data cannot be processed per the standard Practice Procedure (SPP).

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ROM memory device content is required and essential for operation and normal function of the device. Loss would render the device inoperable.

ROM memory, as stated above, never contains user data. This memory is never overwritten or erased during normal operation.

SDRAM memory (System Memory. Page Memory.) processes user data. Content of this memory is lost at power off.

Controller Rigid Disk Drive removal will result in a message being posted to the local user interface that the disk is not present, and machines ability to handle complex copy jobs will be affected. This disk contains customer document images only; no system software is ever present. All customer data is completely overwritten by the Data Security option.

6. *Method of access:* How is it accessed? Is non-volatile memory location theoretically accessible with any system code, not just via the operating system or low level booting firmware?

Marking Engine non-volatile memory is used for storing Multifunction Device application settings and is accessible by application level code. There is no user access to the memory devices, except as provided programmatically to control device behaviors.

Remember: Modifying internal programming to access is not the same thing as unknowingly accessing from an accidental keyboard stroke.

7. *Warranty:* Does chip removal or EEPROM erasure void the warranty?
Yes, memory removal or erasure will void the warranty. Disk removal of the internal disk drive will void the warranty.
8. *Size:* How much memory is contained? Number of bytes, etc.
See section 1, "Type of Memory"

9. *Spacing:* Is the memory fully utilized or does it have available memory space for additional information to be placed?
The non-volatile memory devices are sized to contain the necessary amount of data required for system operation. Usually there are some unused memory addresses where additional information could be theoretically stored. Without access to the software developers' memory maps, determining the location of this unused memory would require reverse engineering the software.

The Controller rigid disk drive contains total 13GB spooling partitions designated for customer document data. Space is dynamically allocated to each job handled; at job completion this space is deallocated to be available for new document images. All residual customer data in deallocated space is overwritten by the Data Security option.

10. Can this non-volatile memory be addressed to ensure that only authorized information is resident? If yes, how?
At boot-up, the system computes a checksum for each non-volatile memory device.
(Note: The computed checksum is compared against a value stored in the device itself.
This is sufficient to detect hardware failures, but not necessarily intentional corruption.)

Evaluation and summary of this equipment was completed by the following:

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Hiroyuki Nakada Signature

Hiroyuki Nakada (Printed name)

Software TPM (Title)

Mid/Low Color MF product (Job function)